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## Block 1

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## Block 2

► Balance equations

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \varrho}{\partial t} + \operatorname{div}(\varrho \mathbf{v}) &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial(\varrho \mathbf{v})}{\partial t} + \operatorname{div}(\varrho \mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v}) &= \operatorname{div} \mathbf{T} \\ \frac{\partial \varrho \left( e + |\mathbf{v}|^2/2 \right)}{\partial t} + \operatorname{div} \left( \varrho \left( e + |\mathbf{v}|^2/2 \right) \mathbf{v} \right) &= \operatorname{div}(\mathbf{T} \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{q}) \\ \mathbf{T} &= -p \mathbf{I} + 2\mu \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$$

## Example block

Just an example block.

## Bibliography

Bulíček, M., P. Gwiazda, J. Málek a A. Świerczewska-Gwiazda (2012). On unsteady flows of implicitly constituted incompressible fluids. *SIAM Journal on Mathematical Analysis* 44 (4), 2756–2801.

Bulíček, M., P. Gwiazda, J. Málek, K. R. Rajagopal a A. Świerczewska-Gwiazda (2012). On flows of fluids described by an implicit constitutive equation characterized by a maximal monotone graph. In *Mathematical Aspects of Fluid Mechanics*, Volume 402 of *London Mathematical Society Lecture Note Series*. Cambridge University Press.

## Conclusions

- Joint formulation of LP and QP relaxation → LPQP.
- LPQP solved by a message-passing algorithm for modified unary potentials.
- Get a smooth objective for free. Key to fast convergence.
- Competitive results in terms of MAP state found.

Fermat's Last Theorem states that  $x^n + y^n = z^n$  has no non-zero integer solutions for  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  when  $n > 2$ .

Fermat's Last Theorem

## Have serious fun

► Coriolis acceleration

$$\mathbf{a}_p = \mathbf{a}_o + \frac{b_d^2}{dt^2} \mathbf{r} + 2\omega_{ib} \times \frac{b_d}{dt} \mathbf{r} + \alpha_{ib} \times \mathbf{r} + \omega_{ib} \times (\omega_{ib} \times \mathbf{r}) \tag{1}$$

► Transversal acceleration

► Centripetal acceleration